

# Summer Writing / Book Club Summer 2010

Welcome to the first summer Writing and Book Club. My goal is to have a lot of fun while learning how to improve your writing skills and to produce a quality book that Mrs. Tetrek may add to the Stony Creek library once school resumes.

This booklet is filled with a ton of good information that you can use for a long time to help you write better and better.

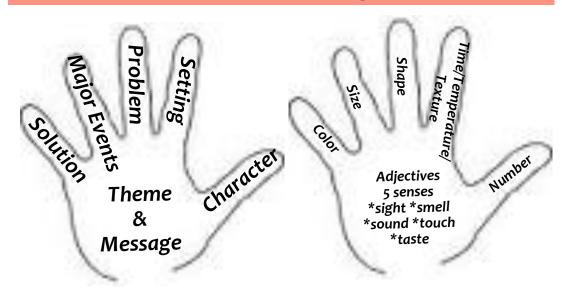
Thank you for joining us this week.

Gina Rexrode - 776-9277 or 509-1889 (grexr@comcast.net)

# Wr!te Bite



# **Elements of Writing**



# **Editing Symbols**

These are common editing or proofreading symbols that you may typically see when someone reads your manuscript and your writing needs corrected.

Delete	ع	SSR incorporated, a long-established publishing frm, is an extension of your own staff.
Comma/Period	A/0	SSR Incorporated a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff
Close up/Insert space	_	SSR Incorporated, a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.
Spell out	æ	SSR nc a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.
Transpose	(A)	SAS incorporated, a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.
UPPER CASE	Cups	ser incorporated, a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.
lower case	(lo)	SSR INCOMPORATED, a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.
Boidface	$\mathcal{B}_{\mathcal{D}}$	SSR Incorporated, a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.
Rtallic .	ital	SSR Incorporated, a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.
Flush left	bl L	SSR Incorporated, a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.
Let it stand	stet	SSR Incorporated, a long-established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.
Insert hyphen	=	SSR Incorporated, a long established publishing firm, is an extension of your own staff.

# Key Words/Phrases which identify the purose

PURPOSE	KEY WORDS/ PHRASES	EXAMPLES OF WRITING TASKS		
Expressive	express opinion describe inner thoughts tell how one reacts to something explain why writer believes in something	friendly letter, autobiography, journal, conversation, diary, gripe session, myth		
Informative	inform explain facts recall details about something explain how to do something	directions, human interest story, report, propose a solution, business letter, notice, announcement, biography, news article, textbook		
Persuassive	persuade convince tell reasons for doing something explain why something should be done	advertisement, petition, letter to editor, political, speech, letter to politian, editorial, movie review, sales slogan		
		key words/prirases to identify purpose		

# **Elements of a Story - Setting**

Setting:



where and when the action takes place in a story.

The setting includes the sounds, smells, sights, and tastes a character in your story may be experiencing.

Details for a setting may be about the interior and exterior furnishings of a building, the type of government in a country, the food and drink commonly available, the climate, and landscape.

## **Elements of a Story - Plot**

Plot:

the outline of events in a story.

Conflict:

a fight or a difference of opinion or a struggle between opposing forces. In a story, there can be:



a conflict between character and nature,

a conflict in the mind of a character, or

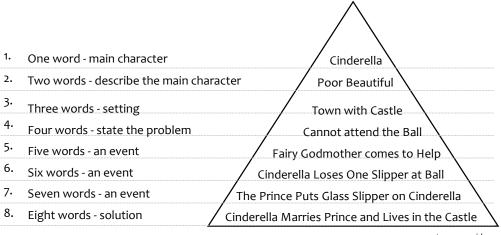
a conflict between a protagonist and an antagonist.

#### **Elements of a Story - Plot Development**

- 1) The story begins, the characters are introduced and the setting described.
  - The action starts.
  - You find out about the conflict the main character faces.
  - The conflict begins
- The conflict develops and becomes more complex. Events that complicate the problem occur.
- The action comes to a turning point. An event occurs to change the course of the action.
   The conflict reaches a climax.
- 4) Events lead to a conclusion.
- 5) The problem has been solved. The events in the story reach their logical end.

## **Elements of a Story — Story Pyramid**

This technique is used to look at the main character, story setting, and plot development. At first glance, it appears easy; it is a little harder than it looks. Writers must be precise in their word selection.



story pyramid

# **Elements of a Story - Character**

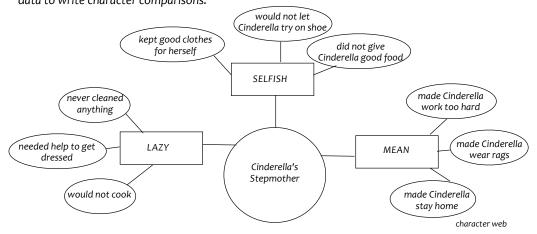
Character:	the people or animals who take part in the story.
Main Character:	the person or animal who the story is mostly about. The most important character.
Minor Character:	less important person or animal. They give their opinions or pose problems for the main character.
Protagonist:	the hero of the stor who is faced with a conflict. The protagonist is usually the main character.
Antagonist:	usually the villan of the story - the person, animal, or creature who creates conflict for the main character.
Characterization:	ways of showing what a character is like. The way a character looks, talks, or acts is part of his or her characterization. The character's name, sex, nationality, race, appearance, traits, age, relationship to others, occupation, religion, opinions, problems, background, personality, importantance, emotions, and values are other examples.
Character	
Development:	the change in a character from the beginning to the end of a story.
Dialogue:	the verbal and nonverbal communication between characters in a story.

 $elements\ of\ a\ story$ 

#### Elements of a Story — Character Web

A character web is a technique which is used to analyze the traits of the main characters in the story. A picture or name of the main character goes in the center circle. The second layer contains the main character's traits. The third layer gives actual examples from the story to support the trait.

By doing a character web for several characters from the same story, writers gain insight and have data to write character comparisons.



# **Additional Details for Characterization**

#### **Character Types**

aerobics instructor astronaut clone computer expert construction worker corporate worker deep-sea diver doctor farmer fast-food worker geologist ianitor lawyer nuclear scientist pilot politician school teacher submarine commander university professor veteran veterinarian student ice skater writer

# Appearance

dangerous dirty floppish gentle healthy ill kindly poor rough rugged tough

# Eyes (shape) protruding

round slant downward slant upward small slits sunken

#### Eyes (color)

black blue blue-green brown green orange red yellow

#### Size/Shape of Head

heart-shaped large medium oval round small square

#### Nose

bony bumpy hawk-like large and flat misshapen pug straight and thin

#### Hair auburn

balding
black
chestnut
dark black
golden blond
gray
light brown
long
pure white
ragged
rusty red
sandy blond
shoulder length
silver



additional details for characterization

#### Mouth

fat lips large medium perfectly formed slightly raised at the sides slightly turned down small

Facial Texture	Clothing	Virtues	Personality Type	Personal Items
blistered clean-shaven delicate dry freckled gnarled groomed hairy (whiskers) oily rough satiny scarred work-worn wrinkled	aerobics leotard apron black tux bomber-style jacket cardigan sweater corduroy slacks cropped shirt denim jacket flannel shirt flight suit football jersey gingham blouse jean dress lace gloves robe rugby shirt scarf knit sweater shorts snowmobile suit space suit stockings sweatshirt swimsuit	apron black tux bomber-style jacket cardigan sweater corduroy slacks cropped shirt denim jacket flannel shirt flight suit football jersey gingham blouse jean dress lace gloves robe rugby shirt scarf knit sweater shorts snowmobile suit space suit stockings sweatshirt  alticus courted cowardly curious frience fearless host greedy mode helpful liar perceptive trusting spiritual religious prayerful solita space suit stockings sweatshirt  cautious courtee cowardly force trends frience fearless host sinsens: greedy mode trusting spready rud spready rud sensit spiritual religious prayerful solita solita solita cautious courtee force towardly force towardly force towardly force fearless host sinsens: rud spready prod rugs sensit solita	aloof courteous forceful friendly hostile insensitive modest proud rash rude sensitive solitary	briefcase baby stroller bandages basket digital camera computer iPod iPad cell phone golf clubs gun knife pipe razor tennis equipment soccer equipment video camera television walking cane wallet cross
Ears hidden beneath hair large long medium misshapen missing one nicely shaped pointed small very obvious				

Intelligence
able to solve problems average brilliant good imagination good memory mechanical skills poor memory resourceful scatterbrained slow
Special Magical
breathing underwater control fire

control water

control wind

invisibility

prophecy

speak all languages

speak with animals

speak with plants

stop time

x-ray vision

stretchable

extremely strong

. . . 112 .

#### gens maps musical instruments weapons figurines rocks

Collections

art

books

coins

#### Interests

animals art dancing fishing history hunting literature music politics religion sciences sports writing sewing scrapbooking

#### burial care of children coming of age fees flag ceremonies marriage selection of a leader tariffs taxes tolls type of religion

values/ethics

Customs

#### awkward carefree comfortable eventempered fidgety gruff harsh nervous relaxed

tense

uptight

Disposition

#### Cuban Egyptian English Belgian French German Hungarian Iranian Irish Mexican Nigerian Russian South Aftrican Spanish American

**Nationality** 

Artistic Talents carving drawing jewelry making laser sculpture painting pottery wallpaper hanging electrical woodworking



Age ancient baby child elderly middle-aged teen-ager young adult vouth

additional details for characterization

# **Making Story Sentences**

Select and combine one word from each of the numbered columns to make unique sentences.

1	2		Character T and		4
<u>Articles</u>	<u>Adjectives</u>				<u>Action Words</u>
The An A	chivalrous dauntless fearless wise valiant pure steadfast noble agile thoughtful creative	barbarous ancient short slow small swift strong vicious beautiful gentle bold	journalist athlete navigator scientist astronant biologist teacher student actor taxi driver writer politician	secretary lawyer carpenter doctor dentist pilot ship captain soldier terrorist thief spy prsioner	lived worked wrote solved invaded destroyed created hunted crept sang

5 <u>Glue Words</u>	6 <u>Setting Adjectives</u>		7 Buildings & Enclosures	8 <u>Places</u>	9 <u>Landscape</u> <u>Features</u>
in on near by beneath over behind opposite inside among around	ancient arid barren bottomless broad craggy cheerless crumbling crystal damp dank dark deep dense dry desolate	cloud-encircled rocky steep safe grassy moonlit secluded secret hidden misty looming murky sparkling teeming forbidden clean	house law office hospital prison cell classroom laboratory corporate office tavern pizza parlor jet cockpit submarine farmhouse library tent train station space station	city village space colony burg metropolis farm country empire nation state county region territory	beach volcano cove basin desert seashore forest grove island stream lake waterfall swamp crater valley glade river glacier plain ridge sea mesa ocean oasis cliff rain forest steppe hills

# **Making Story Sentences**

These are example sentences created by selecting and combining one word from each of the numbered columns to make unique sentences.

12345168	The thoughtful spy wrote near an ancient space colony.				
12345168	An agile terrorist crept by a moonlit city.				
12345169	A gentle actor sang on a craggy cliff.				
123451675168	A small scientist created inside the dark laboratory near the forbidden empire.				
123451685167	A barbarous soldier crept by the crumbling farm near the hidden tent.				
123451695168	The valiant astronaut worked in the secluded forest by the looming space colony.	-			

Elaboration is the effective use of specific details in writing. It allows the writer to communicate clearly and precisely. This enables the reader to have a clear understanding of the writer's ideas and intentions.

Step 1: The writer must select the appropriate details and supporting ideas to include in the writing. Extraneous information has no place in writing and writers should avoid "padding" their writing with unnessary details.

Step 2: The writer must arrange the points of elaboration in a way that enhances the writer's understanding. Avoid stringing together a list of details. The details and supporting ideas must be arranged so the reader can see clearly the intent of the writer.

The following list offers some effective elaboration strategies:

action words (verbs) adjectives adverbs allusion analogies characterization comparison/contrast conversation definition description detail exaggeration (hyperbole)
examples
facts
location
metaphors

personal anecdote personification quotations sensory images similes superlatives

Because writers must use a variety of elaboration techniques in their writing, a variety of techniques are listed with definitions and examples along with suggestions for improving elaboration skills.

Action Words: Action words express an act or an event. Action words can add

detail to writing when they are specific and exact.

Example: The couple moved across the dance floor and went out the door.

Elaborated: The couple swept across the dance floor and glided out the door.

Adjectives: Adjectives modify nouns. When used effectively, adjectives can add

detail, sensory impressions, and richness to writing.

Example: He wore a suit and hat.

Elaborated: He wore an old, tattered suit and a wide-brimmed cowboy hat.

elaboration strategies

Adverbs: Adverbs modify verbs, adjectives, and other adverbs. When used

effectively, adverbs can add detail, sensory impressions, and a richness  $\,$ 

to writing.

Example: She walked down the street.

Elaborated: She walked aimlessly down the street.

Adjectives: Adjectives modify nouns. When used effectively, adjectives can add

detail, sensory impressions, and richness to writing.

Example: He wore a suit and hat.

Elaborated: He wore an old, tattered suit and a wide-brimmed cowboy hat.



Allusion:

An allusion is an indirect reference to a character, event, or situation from another place of literature. Allusions help create a vivid image.

Example: He used a lot of effort to complete the task.

Elaborated: He worked like Hercules to complete the task. elab

elaboration strategies

Analogies: Analogies are comparisons of two sets of ideas, items, situations that

are considered otherwise dissimilar. Like other kinds of comparisons, analogies help the reader create a more complete picture of the idea

discussed in the writing.

Example: His ideas started the whole project.

Elaborated: Just as a plant springs from a seed, the class project grew from his

excellent idea.

Characterization: Characterization is the description or representation of a person's

qualities or perculiarities. Effective characterization makes the

characters of a story or other piece of writing more life-like for the reader.

Example: She was a wicked old witch.

Elaborated: She was a wicked old witch who took delight in hearing the screams

of terror when an unsuspecting child came too close.



**Compare/Contrast:** Comparisons and contrasts draw attention to the similarities and

differences between two or more items, people, situations. Comparisons and contrasts can help create a complete picture in

a piece of writting.

Example: The dog had a big bone.

Elaborated: The dog had a bone that seemed too large for his food dish.

sh.

Conversation:

Conversation is the exchange of ideas, feelings, or opinions between two or more people or characters. Conversation adds a richness to writing because it goes beyond the simple recording of information and shows the involvement of characters or other individuals.

Example: My mother said I couldn't go.

Elaborated: My mother said, "I certainly willnot allow you to go to that party!"

Definition: A definition is a statement of the meaning of a word, phrase, or term.

Accurate definitions make writing more specific.

Example: In class we are studying different kinds of trees.

Elaborated: In class we are studying different kinds of trees. The first type of tree

we studied was the deciduous tree. Deciduous trees are trees that

shed or lose their foliage at the end of the growing season.

**Description:** Description helps create a mental picture for the reader. Effective

description is exact and specific and helps recreate an experience

for the reader.

Example: The girl wore a dress.

Elaborated: The girl wore a red dress that fit loosely around her and touched

the floor as she walked.

Detail: Details are the small and distinct pieces of information that add support

and substance to a piece of writing.

Example: It looked like an alien.

Elaborated: It had huge red antennae and green, lumpy skin. elaboration strategies

Exaggeration: An exaggeration is an extravagant statement made about an object, idea or situation. An exaggeration attracts the reader's attention

through deliberate overstatement. Deliberate exaggeration in writing

is called hyperbole.

Example: Before his diet he weighed a lot.

Elaborated: Before his diet he weighed as much as an elephant.

**Examples:** Examples provide instances that prove or support an idea. By using

examples, the writer can expand or clarify an idea, statement, or opinion.

Example: Many of my friends are involved in sports.

Elaborated: Many of my friends are involved in sports. Just yesterday Tony told me

about his last tennis match.

Facts: Facts are accurate pieces of information used to support an idea or

claim. Facts help the writer prove a point made in a piece of writing.

Example: Many students in this school need tutoring.

Elaborated: Since one out of three students earned a failing grade in Math,

many of them will need tutoring.

Location: Location specifies the exact place or situation of an object, person, or

place. Location helps create a visual image for the reader.

Example: The clock was on the table.

Elaborated: The clock rested behind some books at the back of the table.

Metaphor: A metaphor is a figure of speech that implies a similarity between

two unlike objects by saying one object is actually another, or by giving one object the characteristics of the other. Metaphors add a

richness to writing, making it come "alive."

Example: The boy was mean in the morning.

Elaborated: The boy growled like a lion at everyone in the morning.

Personal Anecdote: A personal anecdote is a brief story from the writer's life that adds

information to a piece of writing. Such anecdotes add meaning and

a personal touch to a composition.

Example: New friends have been important in my life.

Elaborated: New friends have been important in my life. I can remember one time

I was the only new student in a class. I met Cindy the first day of school and she helped me feel at home in a new place.

elaboration strategies

Simile: This is another way of comparing two unlike people, objects, or

situations. In this type of comparison, the comparison is made by using the words "as" or "like." Similes make writing more interesting

and descriptive.

Example: I have a good friend who makes me happy.

Elaborated: When I am with my friend, I am as happy as a kid on the last

day of school.

Superlatives: Superlatives state descriptions to the highest degree. They add depth

and emphasis to writing.

Example: The man's new car was fast.

Elaborated: The man's new care was the speediest car on the block.



Personification: Personification is a technique that gives an inanimate object some

life-like characteristics. Personification makes writing more interesting.

Example: The trees made noise in the wind.

Elaborated: The trees moaned as the wind beat against them.

Quotation: A quotation is a statement of another person. Quotations can be used

to expand on an idea.

Example: People who are alike often stay near one another.

Elaborated: People who are alike often stay near to each other. This is a

perfect example of the old saying, "Birds of a feather flock together."

Sensory Images: The use of sensory details greatly enhances a piece of writing and helps

the reader create a complete image from the writing.

Example: The smell was horrible.

Elaborated: She could smell the horrible odor of black smoke throughout

the house.

elaboration strategies

# Introductions to Begin a Story

#### Sample Introductions to begin a Story....

Once upon a time	dists is a Story of				
Once there was					
Once after	- I				
Once before	†				
Once in when	$\uparrow$				
Once, long long ago, when					
One (summer, winter, spring, fo	ıll) morning				
One day					
One day the met					
In olden times,					
In the days of					
It so happened that one fine da	y				
A made the acquainta	nce of a and				
A and a lived					
A (father and/or mother) had to	wo (sons and/or daughters).				

A had fallen on hard times and				
A had so many that				
A once went in				
A called his/her together and said, " ".				
A had				
A was traveling				
A great war was				
Little took				
Long ago there lived				
Long ago there was				
There was a where				
There once was a who was				
There once was an in				
There once was a by the name of, who				
The had taken				
introductions to begin a stor				

# **Elaboration Strategies for Specific Types of Writing**

Effective elaboration involves the use of a variety of techniques that enhance and enliven writing. These pages provide a starting point for elaborating various writing assignments.

# Expressive Narrative (Stories)

action words adiectives adverbs anecdote characterization comparison contrast conversation description detail exaggeration location metaphor personification quotation sensory images simile superlatives

# Informative Narrative (Directions)

action words
adjectives
adverbs
analogies
comparison
contrast
definition
description
detail
examples
explanation
facts
illustrations
location
reasons

elaboration strategies

#### **Elaboration Strategies for Specific Types of Writing**

# Informative Classificatory (Compare/Contrast)

action words adjectives adverbs analogies anecdote comparison contast definition description details examples explanation facts illustrations metaphors auotations reasons sensory images similies superlatives

# Informative Descrive (Descriptions)

action words
adjectives
adverbs
allusion
comparison
contast
description
details
explanation
location
metaphor
personification
sensory images
similies
superlatives

# **Elaboration Strategies for Specific Types of Writing**

# Persuasive Descriptive (Simple Argument)

action words adjectives adverbs allusion analogies anecodote comparison contrast description definition details examples explanation facts illustrations quotations reasons

# Persuasive Classificatory (Argument)

action words adjectives adverbs allusion analogies anecdote comparison contrast description details examples explanation facts illustrations quotations reasons superlatives

## **Sensory Details**

Effective writers use details of sight, sound, smell, touch, and taste to make their readers feel as if they are sharing an experience. Sensory words, such as those listed below, can bring a description or narration to life.

SIGHT WORDS					
Shape	flat domed	circular curved	triangular wavy	square oval	
Color	cardinal crimson maroon navy	emerald olive turquoise milky	beige gold silver	ivory pearl lime	
Appearance	slender swollen lumpy chubby graceful	shadowy steep glistenign glowing muddy	crooked dull clattered shabby	freckled wrinkled striped muscular sensory details	

#### SIGHT WORDS

Fast Movements	scamper dart spring hurl swoop	gallop dash zoom dive	whisk rip swerve trot	plunge twirl streak flick	
Slow Movements	creep crawl	amble saunter	slink stalk	waddle drift	
SOLIND WORDS					

#### SOUND WORDS

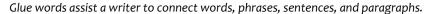
Loud Sounds	crash
	thud
	roar
	screech
	whistle

whine squawk blare rumble grate slam jangle clash racket thunderous deafening piercing

SO	III	חו	14/	^	D	n	С.
30	UI	ıv	vv	v	n	υ.	Э.

SOUND WORDS						
	Soft Sounds	sigh murmur whisper whir	rustle twitter patter hum	hiss peep buzz gurgle	swish chime tinkle clink	
	Speech Sounds	stutter stammer	giggle whimper	coo chatter	growl snort	
TOUCH WORDS						
	slimy dusty steamy slippery	spongy mushy oily waxy	rubbery leathery silky velvety	wooly prickly gritty fuzzy	sticky damp sandy	
TASTE AND SMELL WORDS						
	buttery salty bitter smoky sugary	sour vinegary fruity tangy medicina	fishy spicy peppery burnt I rotten	perfumed earthy piney briny	d reeking musty nutty sour sensory details	

#### **Glue Words**





#### TRANSITIONAL WORDS AND PHRASES

after although as as if as though as long as because before even if even though in order that in order to since so as

so that
that
though
till
unless
until
when
whenever
where
where
while
they

#### PRONOUNS

he his him her hers they theirs them it its my we our ours your vours

#### CONJUNCTIONS

and but or nor for yet

use of punctuation such as: commas semicolons dash

glue words

#### SOME GLUE WORDS DESCRIBE LOCATIONS

# GLUE WORDS THAT EXPAND ON A POINT OR MEANING

through among under around tip by with down underneath from above in between inside below into farther here across on there onto beyond beneath nearby beside on top of out on the opposite outside left over to opposite toward behind next to upon

also another besides furthermore moreover in addition again than first second third finally next too similarly of most importance the least the most the greatest

likewise
in the same manner
equally
in a similar fashion
in addition to
somewhat
more or less
on top of
plus
then again

glue words

#### **Transitional Words and Phrases**

Transitional words and phrases help to show how ideas are related. The relationship may be based on time, space, order of importance, cause and effect, similarity and difference, or comparison and contrast. The following words and phrases can help you to link ideas and give your paragraphs a sense of direction and unity.

Chronological Order	first	later	afterward
	second	soon	meanwhile
	always	before	eventually
	then	finally	next week
	next	earlier	tomorrow
Spatial Order	in front	lowest	underneath
	behind	above	on the left
	next to	below	on the right
	nearest	outside	in the middle
Degree	mainly	second	equally important
	strongest	third	most significant
	weakest	most important	least significant
	first	less important	transitional words/phrases

Comparison		similarly likewise in addition outside	then as neither…nor	eitheror by comparison like
Contrast		however by contrast yet	but unlike instead	nevertheless as opposed to on the other hand
Cause and Effect		since because thus therefore	so due to as a result accordingly	for this reason ifthen as a consequence
	M	INI-LIST of TRANS	ITONS	
first also first of all three finally	additionally third next besides	another in addition to two above all	second then last of all starting with	in addition one the other to begin with transitional words/phrases

	MINI-L	IST of TRANSITON	S for the CONCLUS	SION
finally in closing	in conclusion to end	to summarize to close	last of all	to conclude
		T of TRANSITONS t		
today presently often that day after	as soon as tomorrow earlier not long ago	in the past meanwhile last week two hours earlier	yesterday before usually now	later the next day recently five years later
		SHOW AD	DITION	
and in addition second	also moreover	besides next	further too	furthermore first
		GIVE EX	AMPLES	
for example	for instance	to illustrate		

TO SHOW ADDITION				
also too	besides first	furthermore second	in addition	moreover
	TO GIVE EX	AMPLES		
for instance	to illustrate	in fact	specifically	
TO COMPARE				
in the same i	manner	similarily	likewise	
	TO CONT	RAST		
however enough thou		hand on the contrary	in contrast yet	nevertheless although
TO SUMMARIZE OR CONCLUDE				
in short	in summary	in conclusion	to sum up	that is
	for instance in the same in th	also besides first  TO GIVE EX  for instance to illustrate  TO COM  in the same manner  TO CONT  however on the other enough though	also besides furthermore second  TO GIVE EXAMPLES  for instance to illustrate in fact  TO COMPARE  in the same manner similarily  TO CONTRAST  however on the other hand enough though on the contrary  TO SUMMARIZE OR CONCLUDE	also besides furthermore second  TO GIVE EXAMPLES  for instance to illustrate in fact specifically  TO COMPARE  in the same manner similarily likewise  TO CONTRAST  however on the other hand enough though on the contrary yet

TO SHOW TME					
after finally	as meanwhile	before then	next when	during while	later immediately
TO SHOW PLACE OR DIRECTION					
above	below	beyond	farther on	nearby	close
TO INDICATE LOGICAL RELATIONSHIP					
also	in the same	manner	similarily	likewise	

#### **Similies**

A figure of speech which shows the likeness of two different objects using like or as.

as sly as a fox
as wise as an owl
as fat as a pig
as quiet as a mouse
as slow as a snail
as slippery as an eel
as snug as a bug
as blind as a bat
as mad as a hornet
as stubborn as a mule
as green as grass

as white as a sheet
as black as ink
as blue as the sky
as warm as toast
as tough as nails
as cool as a cucumber
as deep as the ocean
as pretty as a picture
as smart as a whip
as neat as a pin
as quick as a wink

as hard as a rock
as sharp as a razor
as sharp as a tack
as good as gold
as cold as ice
as wicked as a witch
as high as a kite
as stiff as a board
as slow as molasses
as flat as pancake
as sweet as honey

as tough as leather as light as feather as fresh as a daisy as fit as a fiddle as playful as a kitten as big as a house as clean as a whistle as proud as a peacock as hungry as a bear as busy as a bee

similies

#### **Abbreviations**

#### **Numbers**

one	1	I	twenty	20 XX
two	2	П	thirty	30 XXX
three	3	Ш	forty	40 XL
four	4	IV	fifty	50 L
five	5	V	sixty	60 LX
six	6	VI	seventy	70 LXX
seven	7	VII	eighty	80 LXXX
eight	8	VIII	ninety	90 XC
nine	9	IX	one hundred	100 C
ten	10	Χ		

eleven 11 XI

twelve 12 XII

eighteen 18 XVIII

13 XIII

14 XIV

15 XV

16 XVI

17 XVII

19 XIX

thirteen

fourteen

fifteen

sixteen

nineteen

seventeen

### Days

•	
Monday	Mon.
Tuesday	Tues.
Wednesday	Wed.
Thursday	Thurs.
Friday	Fri.
Saturday	Sat.
Sunday	Sun.

#### Months

January	Jan.
February	Feb.
March	Mar.
April	April
May	May
June	June
July	July
August	Aug.
Septemeber	Sept.
October	Oct.
November	Nov.
December	Dec.

abbreviations

## **Abbreviations**

C + a + a =

Alabama	AL	States	
Alaska	AK	Massachusetts	MA
Arizona	ΑZ	Michigan	ΜI
Arkansas	AR	Minnesota	MN
California	CA	Mississippi	MS
Colorado	CO	Missouri	МО
Connecticut	CT	Montana	ΜT
Delaware	DE	Nebraska	NE
Florida	FL	Nevada	NV
Georgia	GΑ	New Hampshire	NH
Hawaii	HI	New Jersey	NJ
Idaho	ID	New Mexico	NM
Illinois	IL	New York	NY
Indiana	IN	North Carolina	NC
lowa	IA	North Dakota	ND
Kansas	KS	Ohio	ОН
Kentucky	KY	Oklahoma	OK
Louisiana	LA	Oregon	OR
Maine	ΜE	Pennsylvania	PA
Maryland	MD	Rhode Island	RI

South Carolina	SC
South Dakota	SD
Tennessee	TN
Texas	TX
Utah	UT
Vermont	VT
Virginia	VA
Washington	WA
West Virginia	WV
Wisconsin	WI
Wyoming	WY



abbreviations

### **Using Suffixes to Build Words**

#### Adding s

- 1. cow + s = cows
- 2. monkey + s = monkeys

#### Adding es

- 1. baby + es = babies
- 2. box + es = boxes
- 3. match + es = matches
- 4. wish + es = wishes
- 5. tax + es = taxes
- 6, calf + es = calves

#### Adding ed

- 1. snow + ed = snowed
- 2. carry + ed = carried
- 3. play + ed = played
- 4. plan + ed = planned
- 5. save + ed = saved

#### Adding ing

- 1. snow + ing = snowing
- 2. carry + ing = carrying
- 3. play + ing = playing
- 4. plan + ing = planning
- 5. save + ing = saving

A homophone is a word that is pronounced the same as another word but differs in meaning.

ate/eight	She <b>ate</b> an apple for lunch. There are <b>eight</b> books on the table.	
bare/bear	She took her shoes off and walked in <b>bare</b> feet. He likes to feed the brown <b>bear</b> in the zoo.	
be/bee	I will <b>be</b> home at noon. The <b>bee</b> buzzed around the flower.	
beat/beet	The red team <b>beat</b> the blue team in the race. Dad grows <b>beet</b> plants in the garden.	
blew/blue	The wind <b>blew</b> all night long. The color of the sky is <b>blue</b> .	
board/bored	The <b>board</b> had a nail in it. She was <b>bored</b> with the silly show.	
brake/break	Use the <b>brake</b> to stop the car. The dish did not <b>break</b> when it was dropped.	
buy/by	I will <b>buy</b> a new pen at the store. Our house is <b>by</b> the park.	homophone sentences

capital/capitol	The <b>capital</b> is the largest city in this state. Use a <b>capital</b> letter to begin a sentence. Her office is in the <b>capitol</b> building.
caught/cot	I <b>caught</b> the ball with one hand. He slept on a <b>cot</b> in the tent.
cent/scent/sent	A penny is one <b>cent</b> . The soap has a nice <b>scent</b> . She <b>sent</b> me a letter.
chews/choose	The bear <b>chews</b> its food with its strong teeth. I hope they <b>choose</b> you for the team.
close/clothes	Please <b>close</b> the door as you leave a room. I have new <b>clothes</b> to wear for the party.
coarse/course	The cloth was <b>coarse</b> instead of smooth. I will take a <b>course</b> in history at school. It's fun to play golf on the golf <b>course</b> .
dear/deer	A <b>dear</b> friend is coming for a visit. <b>Deer</b> live in the forest.

dew/do/due	The leaves were wet with <b>dew</b> . She will <b>do</b> her homework before dinner. My library book is <b>due</b> on Monday.
die/dye	My plant will <b>die</b> without water. I want to <b>dye</b> my dress red.
fair/fare	She ate ice cream at the county <b>fair</b> .  He is a <b>fair</b> player and follows every rule.  We had <b>fair</b> weater for our game.  Bus <b>fare</b> is fifty cents.
find/fined	I cannot <b>find</b> my spelling book The driver was <b>fined</b> five dollars.
flew/flu	The airplane <b>flew</b> high in the sky. She was very sick with the <b>flu</b> .
for/four/fore	This key is <b>for</b> the back door. The car has <b>four</b> tires. Please yell, <b>"fore"</b> on the golf course if your ball may hit someone.

forth/fourth	Go <b>forth</b> and win the game! The <b>fourth</b> grade is fun.
groan/grown	People <b>groan</b> if they do not get their food on time. You have <b>grown</b> tall since I last saw you.
hair/hare	My <b>hair</b> is brown and cut short. The little <b>hare</b> ran quickly into the forest.
hear/here	I <b>hear</b> the music on the radio. <b>Here</b> is the book you wanted to read.
heard/herd	I <b>heard</b> you call my name. There is a <b>herd</b> of cows in the field.
Hi/high	Say, " <b>Hi</b> " to here when you see her. The sun was <b>high</b> in the sky.
him/hymn	I gave <b>him</b> an apple. They sang the <b>hymn</b> at church.
hole/whole	Water dripped through the <b>hole</b> in the roof. I would like to eat the <b>whole</b> pie!

in/inn There are fish in the lake. They stayed at the inn for the night.  its/it's The dog has its bone. It's going to be a sunny day.  knew/new I knew the spelling words for the test. He got new shoes for his birthday.  knight/night The knight rode his horse up to the castle wall. The moon lights up the sky at night.  knot/not My shoestring has a knot. I am not going to school today.  know/no I know how to swim. No, I do not want to go.  knows/nose He knows how to bake cookies. Her nose is red from sunburn.	hour/our	The show will begin in one <b>hour</b> . <b>Our</b> house is on Main Street.
It's going to be a sunny day.  knew/new  I knew the spelling words for the test. He got new shoes for his birthday.  Knight/night  The knight rode his horse up to the castle wall. The moon lights up the sky at night.  knot/not  My shoestring has a knot. I am not going to school today.  know/no  I know how to swim. No, I do not want to go.  knows/nose  He knows how to bake cookies.	in/inn	
He got <b>new</b> shoes for his birthday.  knight/night The <b>knight</b> rode his horse up to the castle wall. The moon lights up the sky at <b>night</b> .  knot/not My shoestring has a <b>knot</b> . I am <b>not</b> going to school today.  know/no I <b>know</b> how to swim. No, I do not want to go.  knows/nose He <b>knows</b> how to bake cookies.	its/it's	
The moon lights up the sky at <b>night</b> .  knot/not  My shoestring has a <b>knot</b> .  I am <b>not</b> going to school today.  know/no  I <b>know</b> how to swim.  No, I do not want to go.  knows/nose  He <b>knows</b> how to bake cookies.	knew/new	' 6
I am <b>not</b> going to school today.  know/no I <b>know</b> how to swim. <b>No</b> , I do not want to go.  knows/nose He <b>knows</b> how to bake cookies.	knight/night	·
No, I do not want to go.  knows/nose He knows how to bake cookies.	knot/not	, 6
	know/no	
	knows/nose	

lead/led	The can is made out of <b>lead.</b> She <b>led</b> the class down the hall.
made/maid	We <b>made</b> a cake for the party. The <b>maid</b> cleaned the house.
main/Maine/mane	This report is the <b>main</b> part of my grade. The live in the state of <b>Maine</b> . The horse's <b>mane</b> was combed along its neck.
meat/meet	Buy some <b>meat</b> at the store for dinner. I'll <b>meet</b> you in front of the school.
none/nun	There are <b>none</b> left. The <b>nun</b> sings in the church choir.
one/won	I have only <b>one</b> apple in my basket. The red team <b>won</b> the game.
pair/pare/pear	She has a new <b>pair</b> of red shoes. He must <b>pare</b> the <b>pear</b> before I eat it.

passed/past	The parade <b>passed</b> by us. In <b>past</b> years, our school has had a Fall Fair.	
piece/peace	She ate a <b>piece</b> of bread with jelly. We want <b>peace</b> , not war.	
plain/plane	The dress was very <b>plain</b> with no trimming. The cattle roamed the dusty, flat <b>plain</b> . The pilot few the <b>plane</b> .	
rain/reign/rein	The sky became dark and it started to <b>rain</b> . He read a book about the <b>reign</b> of King Henry. The horse's <b>reins</b> are made of leather.	
read/red	He <b>read</b> the book about cars. Her new bike was bright <b>red</b> .	
real/reel	The story was true and the people in it were <b>real</b> . My fishing <b>reel</b> is broken.	
right/write	She got every math problem <b>right</b> . He throws the ball with his <b>right</b> hand. <b>Write</b> your name at the top of your paper.	homonhone sentences

homophone sentences

road/rode/rowed	The <b>road</b> was covered with snow. They <b>rode</b> their horses across the field. The man <b>rowed</b> the boat across the lake.
scene/seen	The picture showed a forest <b>scene</b> . I have <b>seen</b> the show two times.
sea/see	We went swimming in the <b>sea</b> . I can <b>see</b> better when I wear my glasses.
seam/seem	The <b>seam</b> in my skirt is coming apart. He doesn't <b>seem</b> to know how to do this.
sew/so	Mother will <b>sew</b> the hem in my dress. I want to go with you <b>so</b> much. The game was over <b>, so</b> we went home.
side/sighed	There is a big tree by the <b>side</b> of the house. "I am very tired", he <b>sighed</b> .
some/sum	I would like <b>some</b> milk to drink. The <b>sum</b> of "1+1" is 2.

son/sun	Her <b>son</b> is at school. The hot <b>sun</b> was shining brightly.
steal/steel	Do not <b>steal.</b> The bridge is made of strong <b>steel.</b>
tail/tale	The dog wagged its <b>tail</b> . She told the <b>tale</b> about the rabbit named Peter.
their/there/they're	We are going to <b>their</b> house for dinner. <b>There</b> is an apple in the basket. <b>They're</b> going to the beach.
theirs/there's	The books are <b>theirs</b> . <b>There's</b> only one apple left.
threw/through	She <b>threw</b> the ball to him. I am <b>through</b> with my homework. He walked <b>through</b> the door.
to/too/two	Take your lunch <b>to</b> school.  She would like some milk <b>too</b> .  There are <b>two</b> people in the house.

 $homophone\ sentences$ 

wait/weight	Please <b>wait</b> in line for lunch. She lost <b>weight</b> on her diet.
way/weigh	I know the <b>way</b> to your house. I <b>weigh</b> more than you do.
weak/week	The flu made her tired and <b>weak</b> . School starts in one <b>week</b> .
wear/where	I will wear my new hat. Where are you going?
who's/whose	Who's going to be first? I want to know whose paper this is.
wood/would	Chop the <b>wood</b> for the fire. She <b>would</b> like to see you.
you're/your	You're doing well in school. He has your lunch sack.

Sparkle words are words that are used to be much more descriptive

#### a lot

numerous multitude many loads sea of ocean of myriad of heap of swarming crowded with crawling with infested with teaming with abounding with over run with thick with swamped with jammed with packed with

#### nice

agreeable
pleasant
amiable
cheerful
cheery
companionable
affable
charming
delightful

lovely
enchanting
good-humored
good-natured
sweet-natured
sweet
likeable
winsome
enjoyable

## fun

merry gleeful riotous comical fun-loving hilarious rip-roaring entertaining festive jolly sunny amusing frolicsome cheerful jocular boisterous

#### very

intensely especially mightily severely bitterly unusually powerfully chiefly exceedingly truly extremely incredibly surely richly immeasurably fully

## beautiful

exquisite

delicate

resplendent

sparkling

attractive

magnificent

graceful

aesthetic

stunning

radiant

gorgeous comely elegant pleasing glorious glowing lovely dazzling fair fine shapely heavenly blooming handsome splendid ravishing

#### like

savor

choose

admire

approve

be pleased

enjoy elect esteem endorse indulge in mind prefer regard appreciate devour relish select respect delight iin

### big

enormous titanic vast immense sizeable gargantuan substantial great broad astronomical tremendous spacious huge gigantic colossal large grand tall mammoth ample expansive stout

### bright

shinning sparkling colorful intelligent intellectual shiny shimmering lustrous knowing gleaming
vivid
luminous
quick-witted
brilliant
radiant
incandescent
smart

### **Amazing**

incredible unbelievable improbable fabulous wonderful astonishing extraordinary

## Anger

enrage

infuriate arouse nettle exasperate inflame madden

# Angry

furious enraged excited wrathful indignant exasperated aroused inflamed

#### **Answer**

reply respond retort acknowledge

#### Ask

question
inquire of
seek information from
put a question to
demand
request
expect
inquire

query interrogate examine quiz

## Awful

dreadful terrible abominable bad poor unpleasant

#### Bad

evil	tainted
immoral	harmfu
wicked	injuriou
corrupt	unfavorag
sinful	defectiv
depraved	faulty
rotten	inferior
contaminate	imperfe
spoiled	substanda

inted improper rmful inappropriate ırious horrible unsuitable oragble disagreeable ective unpleasant erior cross erfect nasty tandard

unfriendly
irascible
atrocious
outrageous
scandalous
infamous
wrong
noxious
sinister

putrid snide deplorable dismal gross heinous nefarous obnoxious

detestable

despicable contemptible foul

## Beautiful

pretty lovely handsome attractive gorgeous dazzling splendid magnificant comely fair ravishing graceful delicate stunning glorious heavenly resplendent radiant glowing blooming sparkling

## Begin

start
open
launch
initiative
commence
inagugurate
originate

sizeable
grand
great
tall
substantial
mammoth
astronomica
ample
broad

#### enormous huge immense gigantic vast

colossal

gargantuan

large

expansive spacious stout tremendous titantic

#### **Brave**

courageous fearless dauntless intrepid plucky daring heroic valorous audacious bold gallant valiant doughty mettlesome

## **Bright**

#### shining shiny gleaming brilliant sparkling shimmering

colorful lustrous luminous incandescent vivid radiant smart intellectual brilliant knowing quickwitted

#### Calm

quiet
peaceful
still
tranquil
mild
serence
smooth
composed

collected unruffled level-headed unexcited detached aloof

#### Come

approach advance near arrive reach

Cool	Crooked	Cry	Cut
chilly cold frosty wintry icy frigid	bent twisted curved hooked zigzag	shout yell yowl scream roar bellow weep wail sob bawl	cleave gash split slash chop prick crop nick lop slice reduce carve cleave split chop

### **Dangerous**

perilous hazardous risky uncertain unsafe

#### Dark

shadowy shaded unlit sunless murky black gloomy dismal dim gloomy dusky

### Decide

determine settle choose resolve

### **Definite**

certain sure positive determined clear distinct obvious

#### **Delicious** savorv

delectable appetizing luscious scrumptious delightful enjoyable toothsome exquisite

#### Describe

portray characterize picture narrate relate recount represent report record

#### Destroy

ruin demolish raze waste kill slay end extinguish

#### Do

execute enact carry out finish conclude effect accomplish achieve attain

lifeless insensible tedious wearisome listless expressionless plain monotonous humdrum dreary

#### Dull

boring tiring tiresome uninteresting slow dumb stupid dead unimaginative

### Eager

keen fervent enthusiastic involved interested alive to

#### **End**

stop finish terminate conclude close halt cessation discontinuance

### Enjoy

appreciate delight in be pleased indulge in luxuriate in relish devour savor like

#### Fair

just impartial unbiased objective unprejudiced honest

### Easy

effortless simple untroubled regular plain

#### Fall

drop descend plunge topple tumble

#### **Famous**

well-known renowned celebrated famed

eminent illustrious distinguished noted

	Fast			Fat
fleet hasty snappy mercurial swiftly	rapidly quickly snappily quick rapid swift speedy	speedily lickety-split posthaste hastily expeditiously like a flash	paunchy plumb full rotund tubby	stout corpulent fleshy beefy hippopotamic elphantine

Ea	lca	2
гa	156	_

fake fraudulent counterfeit spurious untrue unfounded deceptive groundless fallacious

#### Fun

merry rip-roaring fun-loving sunny festive boisterous frolicsome riotous gleeful amusing hilarious cheerful jolly comical jocular entertaining mirthful

#### Fear

fright dread terror alarm dismay panic apprehension anxiety scare awe horror

pudgy chubby chunky burly bulky

Fly		Funny	<b>Get</b> aquire accumulate gather		
sour hover flit wing flee waft glide	coast skim sail cruise	humorous amusing droll comic comical laughable silly	obtain secure procure gain fetch find score	win earn reap catch bag derive collect	pick-up accept come by regain salvage

#### Go

recede depart fade disappear move travel proceed excellent fine superior wonderful marvelous qualified suited apt proper capable generous kindly friendly gracious noble obliging pleasant

#### Good

agreeable
pleasurable
satisfactory
well behaved
obedient
honorable
reliable
trustworthy
safe
ample

favorable profitable advantegeous righteous expedient helpful valid genuine estimable beneficial splendid great worthy first-rate top-notch grand sterling superb respectable

Great
noteworthy
worthy
distinguished
remarkable
grand
considerable
powerful
much

# Gross

improper grievous shameful coarse uncouth indecent crude crude vulger outrageous extreme

#### Нарру

pleased cheeful
contented ecstatic
satisfied jubilant
delighted tickled
elated gay
joyful gratified
glad overjoyed

# Hate

depise loathe detest abhor disfavor dislike disapprove

#### mighty **Have**

hold beget
possess occupy
own absorb
contain fill
acquire enjoy
gain
maintain
believe
bear

### Help

aid succor
assist benefit
support befriend
encourage
back
wait on
attend
serve
relieve

### Hide

conceal cover mask cloak camouflage screen veil

## Hurry

rush
run
speed
race
hasten
urge
accelerate
bustle

### Hurt

damage harm injure wound distress afflict pain

### Idea

thought concept conception notion understanding opinion plan view belief

#### **Important**

necessary
vital
critical
indispensable
valuable
famous
essential

significant

primary principal considerable distinguished notable

well-known

## Кеер

hold retain withhold preserve maintain sustain support

### Kill

slay execute assassinate murder destroy cancel abolish

## Interesting

fascinating engaging sharp keen bright intelligent animated spirited attractive inviting intriguing provocative thoughtprovoking challenging inspiring involving moving titillating tantalizing exciting entertaining piquant enthralling spellbinding curious captivating enchanting bewitching appealing

#### Lazy

indolent enjoy slothful mind idle relish inactive choose sluggish elect prefer select admire

### Like

esteem regard respect approve endorse appreciate delight in be pleased indulge in sparkle words

Little		Look			
tiny small diminutive shrimp runt miniature puny dinky	exiguous cramped limited itsy-bitsy microscopic petite minue slight	gaze see glance watch survey study seek search for peek	peep glimpse stare contemplate examine gape ogle leer scrutinize	inspect behold observe view witness perceive spy sight discover	notice recognize peer eye gawk peruse explore

ı	_	٠,	_
L	U	V	t

like appreciate savor esteem adore fancy treasure care for cherish

#### Mad

angry displeased enraged furious irritated annoyed

#### Make

manufacture create produce originate build invent develop beget dο form effect construct execute design compose fabricate

perform accomplish

> earn gain obtain acquire

> > get sparkle words

Mark			
label tag price ticket impress effect trace imprint	stamp brand sign note heed notice designate		

# Mischievous

prankish playful naughty roguish waggish impish

## Moody

temperamental peevish fretful short-tempered glum sulky morose mopish irritable peevish fretful spiteful sulky sulky touchy testy

### Mean

evil vicious treacherous ill-tempered hateful cruel

#### Move

trot
dawdle
walk
traipse
mosey
jog
plug
trudge
stump

lumber streak trail stride lag tear run breeze whisk sprint trip rush dash bound hotfoot dart high-tail bolt

fling scamper scurry skidaddle scoot scuttle scramble face chase

hasten
hurry
hump
gallop
lope
accelerate
stir
budge

travel

wander roam journey trek ride spin slip glide slide

slouch slither
prance coast
straggle flow
meander sail
perambulate saunter
waddle hobble
wobble amble
pace stagger

swagger sparkle words

paddle

lunge

Neat		New		Old	
clean v orderly tidy trim dapper natty smart elegant	vell-organized super desirable spruce shipshape well-kept shapely	fresh unique original unusual novel modern current recent	feeble frail ancient weak aged used worn dilapidated ragged	faded broken-down former old-fashioned outmoded passe veteran mature venerable	primitive traditional archaic conventional customary stable musty obsolete extinct
	I			1	

portion
share
piece
allotment
section
fraction
fragment

**Part** 

#### Place

plot

scheme

design

draw

map

diagram

procedure

intention device contrivance method way blueprint arrangement

## Popular

well-liked approval accepted favorite celebrated common current

### **Predicament**

quandary dilemma pickle plight spot scrape jam sparkle words

Put	
place	
set	
attach	
establish	
assign	
keep	
save	

set aside

effect

#### Quiet silent still soundless mute tranquil peaceful calm

restful

#### Right moral correct accurate proper factual suitable true apt legal good fair iust upright honest upright lawful

#### Run

race dash speed rush hurry escape hasten elope sprint flee

#### Said

lawful

inform notify advise relate recount narrate explain reveal disclose divulge	declare command order bid enlighten instruct insist teach train direct
divulge	direct

issue remark converse speak affirm suppose utter negate express verbalize

voice articulate pronounce deliver convey impart assert state allege mutter

mumble whisper sigh exclaim yell sing yelp snarl hiss grunt

snort roar bellow thunder boom scream shriek screech squawk whine

philosophize contend stammer assire stutter deny lisp dispute drawl state jabber protest announce swear vow

afraid frightened alarmed terrified panicked
fearful
unnerved
insecure
timid
shy
<u> </u>

# Scared skittish

jumpy

worried desquieted vexed troubled distrubed horrified shocked temprized petrified haunted timorous

shrinking

tremulous

stupefied paralyzed stunned apprehensive

#### **Show**

display exhibit present note point to

indicate

explain reveal prove demonstrate expose

#### Slow

unhurried gradual leisurely late behind tedious slack

## Stop

cease halt stay pause discontinue conclude finish quit

### Story

tale sage
myth anecdote
legend record
fable memoir
yarn narrative
account chronicle
epic

#### See

observe examine inspect view gaze stare

## Strange

odd courious
peculiar unique
unusual exclusive
unfamiliar irregular
uncommon wierd
queer outlandish
sparkle words

Sure	?
certain	hold
confident	catch
convinced	seize
positive	grasp
absolute	win
	capture
	aquire
	pick

#### Take purchase select prefer buy retract remove recall steal lift assume rob occupy consume engage bewitch

	I eII
disclose	
reveal	
show	
expose	
uncover	C
relate	
narrate	

advise explain divulge declare command order bid recount repeat	assume believe consider contemplat reflect meditate ponder imagine presume
---	--

assume
believe
consider
contemplate
reflect
meditate
ponder
imagine

Think

#### Trouble

choose

distress anguish anxiety worry wretchedness pain danger peril

disaster grief misfortune difficulty concern pains inconvenience exertion effort

#### True

..

accurate right proper precise exact valid genuine real actual

inform

trusty steady loyal dependable sincere staunch

Then suddenly all at once soon after before long later next afterwards

## Ugly

hideous frightful frightening shocking horrible unpleasant ghastly horrid unsightly plain homely evil repulsive repugnant gruesome monstrous terrifying gross

#### Unhappy

miserable uncomfortable wretched heart-broken unfortunate poor downhearted sorrowful

depressed dejected melancholy glum gloomy dismal discouraged sad

#### Use

employ utilize exhaust spend consume exercise

#### Very

intensely mightily bitterly powerfully exceedingly extremely surely immeasurably especially severely unusally chiefly truly incredibly richly fully

### Wrong

incorrect inaccurate mistaken erroneous improper unsuitable

#### Walk

march stroll saunter wander trudge shffle hike roam

# Sparkle Words - Sounds

babble	ı clank	gurgle	ı roar	tootle
bark	clash	hiss	rumble	trill
bash	clatter	hoot	screach	twant
bawl	click	howl	scream	twitter
bay	crack	hullabaloo	shriek	wail
beat	crackle	hum	sizzle	warble
bellow	crash	jingle	snap	wheeze
blast	creak	meow	snarl	whine
bleat	croak	mew	snore	whir
boom	crow	moan	snort	whisper
bray	drone	mumble	splash	whistle
bubble	drumming	murmur	squall	yap
buzz	fanfare	mutter	squeak	yell
cackle	fizz	neigh	thrum	yelp
caw	gibber	patter	thud	zap
chant	grating	peal	thump	zip
chatter	groan	peep	tick	
chime	growl	pop	tinkle	
chirp	grumble	purr	toll	
clangor	grunt	quack	toot	sparkle words
		1		

#### **Sparkle Words - Movement**

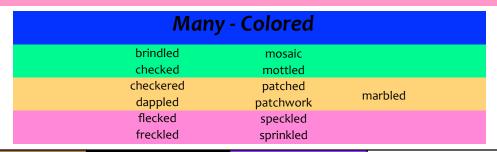
amble canter charge clatter clump coast cruise dance drift file flit float flow fly gallop glide hasten

hike hustle limp loaf lumber march meander navigate pace parade plod ply prance prowl race ramble range

roam roll rove sail sashay saunter scamper scurry shuffle slide slink slither sneak sprint stalk stampede straggle

stride stroll strut swerve toddle traipse tramp tread trek trot trudge tumble undulate walk wallow waltz wander wend

Red		Blue	
blush red brick cardinal carmine cerise cherry claret coral coralline cranberry	crimson flame florid sanguine garnet scarlet pink strawberry titian rose titian vermilion ruddy rust	aquamarine azure cerulean electric blue indigo midnight navy	robin's-egg blue royal sapphire sky steel blue turquoise
Green avocado emerald evergreen grassy jade lime moss olive pine verdure	Gray ash dove dun grizzled iron leaden metallic silver slate steel	Orange apricot brass bronze copper peach pumpkin salmon sandy shrimp pink tangerine	Yellow  aureate gilt gold lemon sallow tawny



#### Brown

auburn nut chestnut chocolate cocoa fawn henna mahogany mud russet

tan

teak

#### Black

dusky ebony jet onyx pitch sable

#### **Purple**

amethyst heliotrope lavender lilac magenta maroon

mauve

plum

violet

wine

#### White

blanched blond fair ivory milky pearly snowy

more sparkle words